Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	2,860	390		220	170	2,470	850	30	140	270	730	330		
Nursing assistants	240					240					240			
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	170					160								
Light truck or delivery services drivers	150					140					.			
Registered nurses	110					110					110			.
Retail salespersons	110					110								
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100					90			20			40		
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100	20				90	80							
Driver/sales workers	100					100	30							
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	90					90				40	30			
Stock clerks and order fillers	90					90	90							
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	80					80			40			20		
Food preparation workers	70					70	40					40		
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	60					60	20							
Construction laborers	50	50		50										.
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	50	50		50							.			.
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	40					40					40			
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	40					40	40				.			
Cooks, restaurant	40					40					.	40		.
Social and human service assistants	30					30					30			
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	30					30				20				.
Counter and rental clerks	30					30					.			
Waiters and waitresses	30					30					.	30		
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	30					30					30			
Home health aides	30					30					30			
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	20					20					.			.
Customer service representatives	20					20					.			.

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, January 05, 2015

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.